

Power Supply Supervisory Circuit

FEATURES

- Includes Over-voltage, Under-voltage, And Current Sensing Circuits
- Internal 1% Accurate Reference
- Programmable Time Delays
- SCR "Crowbar" Drive Of 300mA
- Remote Activation Capability
- Optional Over-voltage Latch
- Uncommitted Comparator Inputs For Low Voltage Sensing (UC1544 Series Only)

DESCRIPTION

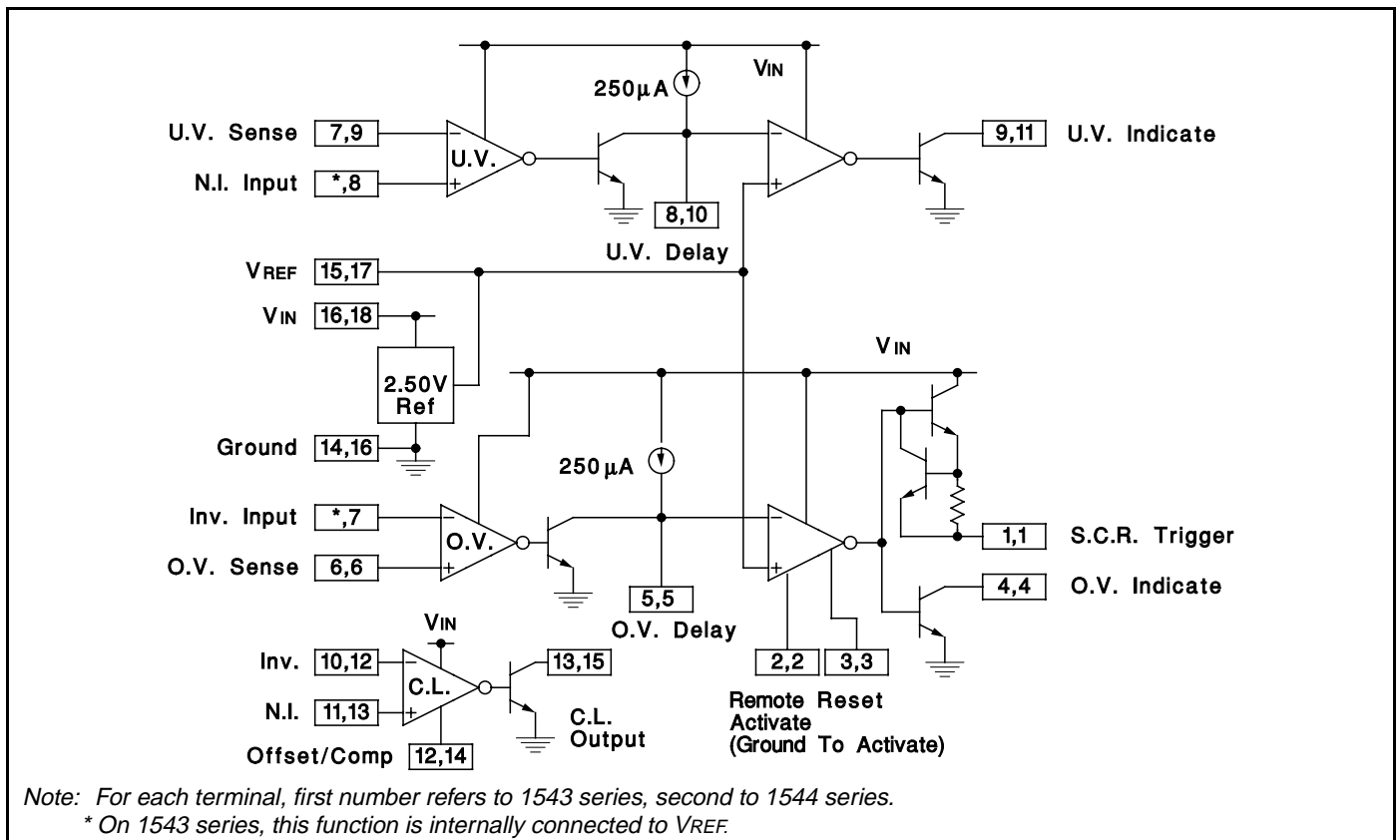
The monolithic integrated circuits contain all the functions necessary to monitor and control the output of a sophisticated power supply system. Over-voltage (O.V.) sensing with provision to trigger an external SCR "crowbar" shutdown; an under-voltage (U.V.) circuit which can be used to monitor either the output or to sample the input line voltage; and a third op amp/comparator usable for current sensing (C.L.) are all included in this IC, together with an independent, accurate reference generator.

Both over- and under-voltage sensing circuits can be externally programmed for minimum time duration of fault before triggering. All functions contain open collector outputs which can be used independently or wire-or'ed together, and although the SCR trigger is directly connected only to the over-voltage sensing circuit, it may be optionally activated by any of the other outputs, or from an external signal. The O.V. circuit also includes an optional latch and external reset capability.

The UC1544/2544/3544 devices have the added versatility of completely uncommitted inputs to the voltage sensing comparators so that levels less than 2.5V may be monitored by dividing down the internal reference voltage. The current sense circuit may be used with external compensation as a linear amplifier or as a high-gain comparator. Although nominally set for zero input offset, a fixed threshold may be added with an external resistor. Instead of current limiting, this circuit may also be used as an additional voltage monitor.

The reference generator circuit is internally trimmed to eliminate the need for external potentiometers and the entire circuit may be powered directly from either the output being monitored or from a separate bias voltage.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



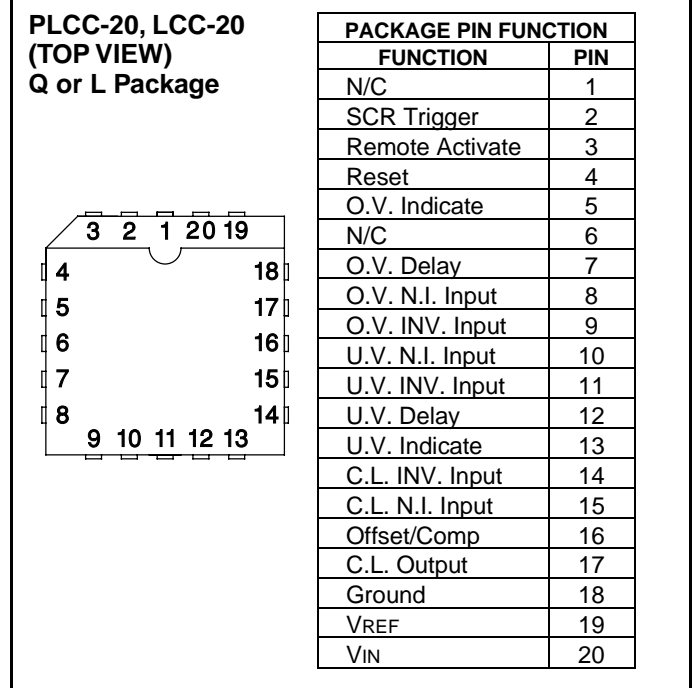
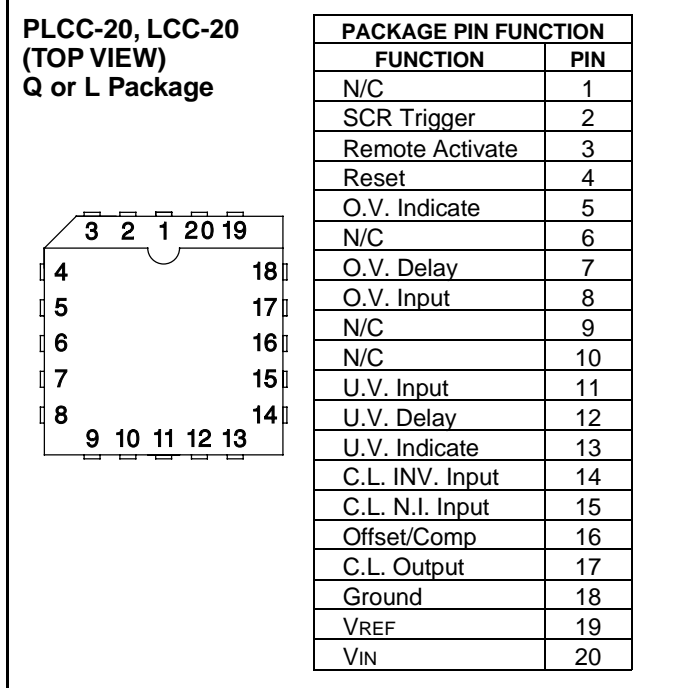
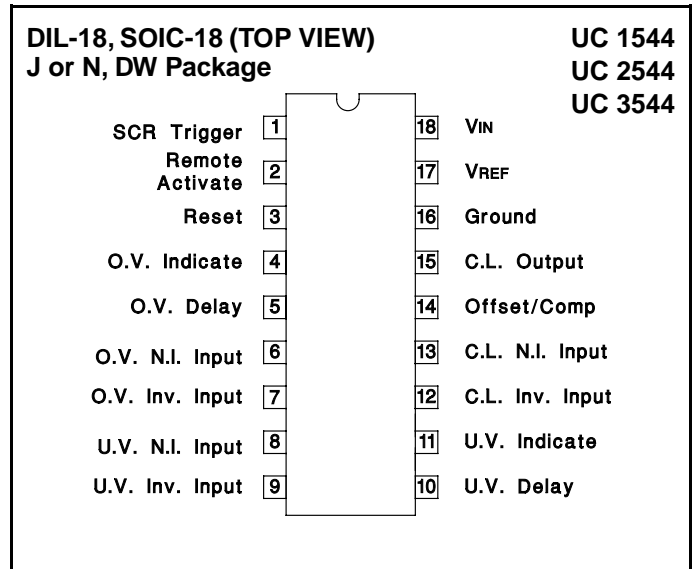
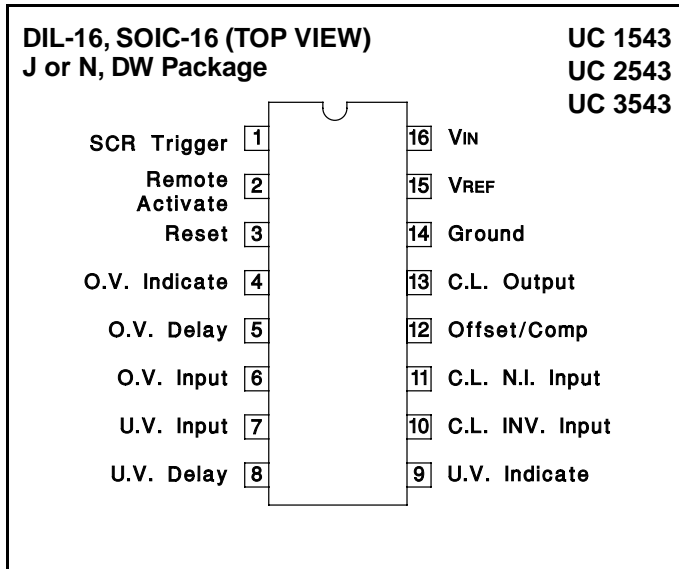
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Input Supply Voltage, V_{IN} | 40V |
| Sense Inputs, Voltage Range | 0 to V_{IN} |
| SCR Trigger Current (Note 1) | -600mA |
| Indicator Output Voltage | 40V |
| Indicator Output Sink Current | 50mA |
| Power Dissipation (Package Limitation) | 1000mW |
| Operating Temperature Range | |
| UC1543, UC1544 | -55°C to +125°C |
| UC2543, UC2544 | -25°C to +85°C |
| UC3543, UC3544 | 0°C to +70°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -65°C to +150°C |

Note 1: At higher input voltages, a dissipation limiting resistor, R_G , is required.

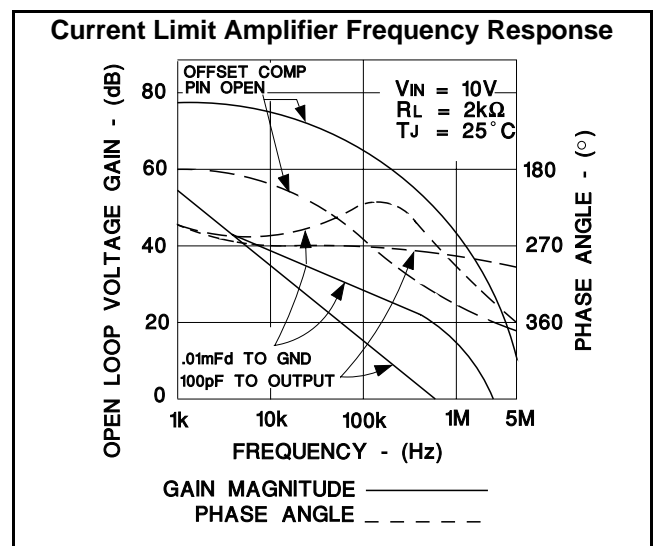
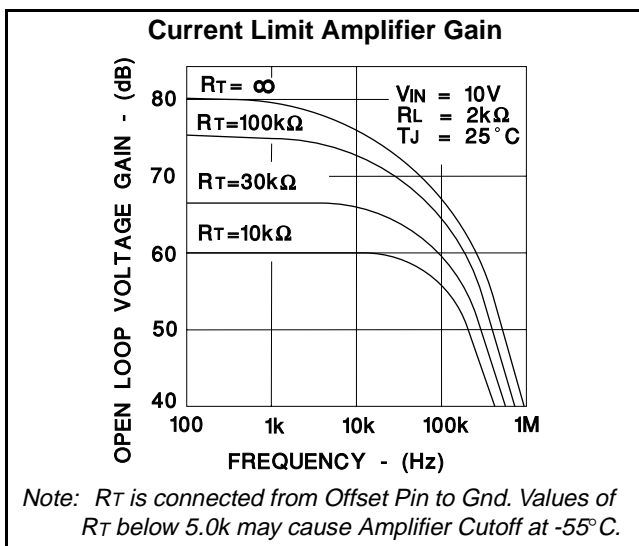
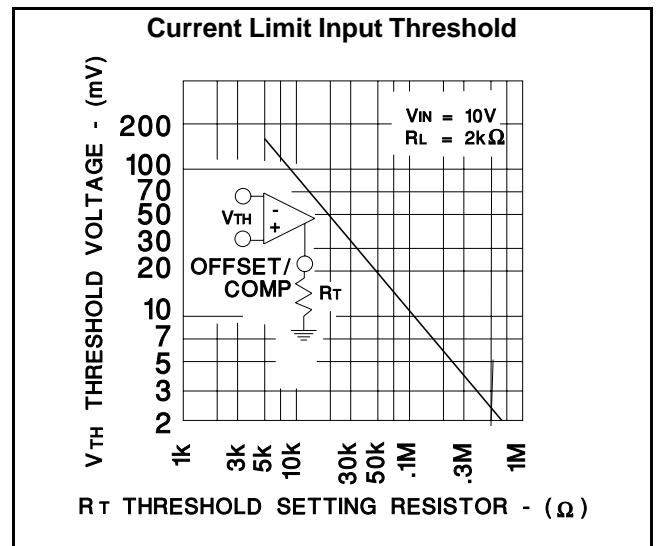
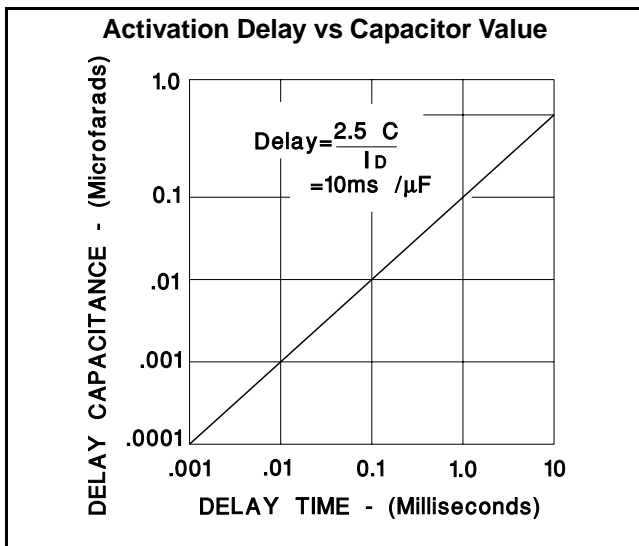
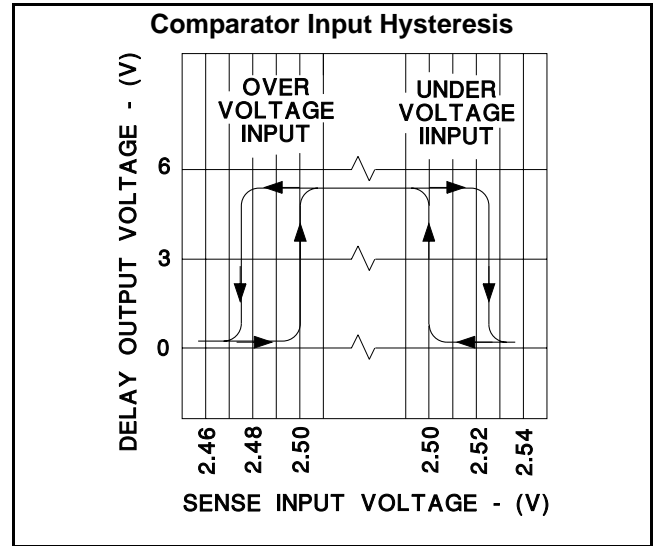
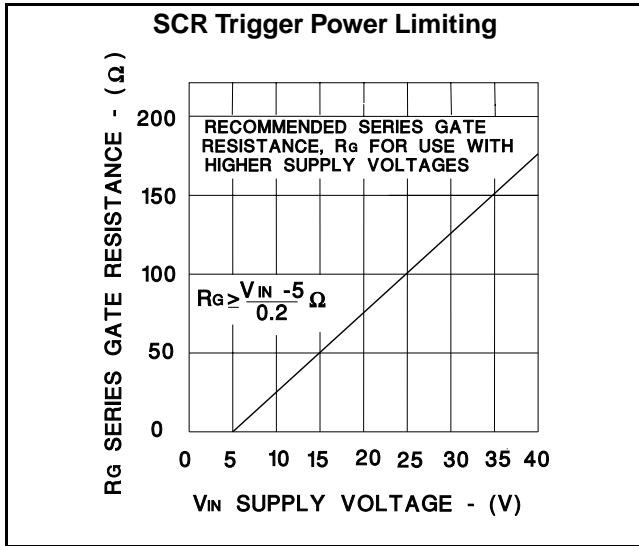
Note 2: Currents are positive-into, negative-out of the specified terminal. Consult Packaging section of Databook for thermal limitations and considerations of package.

CONNECTION DIAGRAMS



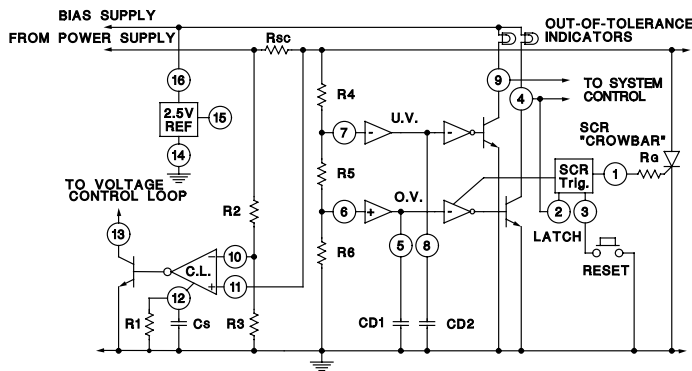
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for $T_A = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the UC1543 and UC1544; -25°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the UC2543 and UC2544; and 0°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ for the UC3543 and UC3544. Electrical tests are performed with $V_{IN} = 10\text{V}$ and $2\text{k}\Omega$ pull-up resistors on all indicator outputs. All electrical specifications for the UC1544, UC2544, and UC3544 devices are tested with the inverting over-voltage input and the non-inverting under-voltage input externally connected to the 2.5V reference. $T_A = T_J$.

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | UC1543/UC1544 UC2543/UC2544 | | | UC3543/UC3544 | | | UNITS |
|--|--|--------------------------------|------|--------------------|---------------|------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| Input Voltage Range | $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ to T_{MAX} | 4.5 | | 40 | 4.5 | | 40 | V |
| | T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} | 4.7 | | 40 | 4.7 | | 40 | V |
| Supply Current | $V_{IN} = 40\text{V}$, Output Open, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 7 | 10 | | 7 | 10 | mA |
| | $T_{MIN} \leq T_J \leq T_{MAX}$ | | | 15 | | | 15 | mA |
| Reference Section | | | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage | $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 2.48 | 2.50 | 2.52 | 2.45 | 2.50 | 2.55 | V |
| Output Voltage | Over Temperature Range | 2.45 | | 2.55 | 2.40 | | 2.60 | V |
| Line Regulation | $V_{IN} = 5$ to 30V | | 1 | 5 | | 1 | 5 | mV |
| Load Regulation | $I_{REF} = 0$ to 10mA | | 1 | 10 | | 1 | 10 | mV |
| Short Circuit Current | $V_{REF} = 0$ | -10 | -20 | -40 | -12 | -20 | -40 | mA |
| Temperature Stability | | | 50 | | | 50 | | ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| SCR Trigger Section | | | | | | | | |
| Peak Output Current | $V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$, $R_G = 0$, $V_O = 0$ | -100 | -300 | -600 | -100 | -300 | -600 | mA |
| Peak Output Voltage | $V_{IN} = 15\text{V}$, $I_O = -100\text{mA}$ | 12 | 13 | | 12 | 13 | | V |
| Output Off Voltage | $V_{IN} = 40\text{V}$ | | 0 | 0.1 | | 0 | 0.1 | V |
| Remote Activate Current | R/A Pin = Gnd | | -0.4 | -0.8 | | -0.4 | -0.8 | mA |
| Remote Activate Voltage | R/A Pin Open | | 2 | 6 | | 2 | 6 | V |
| Reset Current | Reset = Gnd, R/A = Gnd | | -0.4 | -0.8 | | -0.4 | -0.8 | mA |
| Reset Voltage | Reset open, R/A = Gnd | | 2 | 6 | | 2 | 6 | V |
| Output Current Rise Time | $R_L = 50\Omega$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_D = 0$ | | 400 | | | 400 | | mA/ μs |
| Prop. Delay from R/A | $R_L = 50\Omega$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_D = 0$ | | 300 | | | 300 | | ns |
| Prop. Delay from O/V input | $R_L = 50\Omega$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_D = 0$ | | 500 | | | 500 | | ns |
| Comparator Section | | | | | | | | |
| Input Threshold (Input voltage rising on O.V. and falling on U.V.) | $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 2.45 | 2.50 | 2.55 | 2.40 | 2.50 | 2.60 | V |
| | Over Temperature Range | 2.40 | | 2.60 | 2.35 | | 2.65 | V |
| Input Hysteresis | | | 25 | | | 25 | | mV |
| Input Bias Current | Sense Input = 0V | | -0.3 | -1.0 | | -0.3 | -1.0 | μA |
| Delay Saturation | | | 0.2 | 0.5 | | 0.2 | 0.5 | V |
| Delay High Level | | | 6 | 7 | | 6 | 7 | V |
| Delay Charging Current | $V_O = 0$ | -200 | -250 | -300 | -200 | -250 | -300 | μA |
| Indicate Saturation | $I_L = 10\text{mA}$ | | 0.2 | 0.5 | | 0.2 | 0.5 | V |
| Indicate Leakage | $V_{IND} = 40\text{V}$ | | .01 | 1.0 | | .01 | 1.0 | μA |
| Propagation Delay | Input Over Drive = 200mV, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_D = 0$ | | 400 | | | 400 | | ns |
| | Input Over Drive = 200mV, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_D = 1\mu\text{F}$ | | 10 | | | 10 | | ms |
| Current Limit Section | | | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage Range | | 0 | | $V_{IN}-3\text{V}$ | 0 | | $V_{IN}-3\text{V}$ | V |
| Input Bias Current | Offset Pin Open, $V_{CM} = 0$ | | -0.3 | -1.0 | | -0.3 | -1.0 | μA |
| Input Offset Voltage | Offset Pin Open, $V_{CM} = 0$ | | 0 | 10 | | 0 | 10 | mV |
| | 10k Ω from Offset Pin to Gnd | 80 | 100 | 120 | 80 | 100 | 120 | mV |
| CMRR | $0 \leq V_{CM} \leq 12\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = 15\text{V}$ | 60 | 70 | | 60 | 70 | | dB |
| AVOL | Offset Pin Open, $V_{CM} = 0\text{V}$, $R_L = 10\text{k}$ to $15\text{k}\Omega$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 1$ to 6V | 72 | 80 | | 72 | 80 | | dB |
| Output Saturation | $I_L = 10\text{mA}$ | | 0.2 | 0.5 | | 0.2 | 0.5 | V |
| Output Leakage | $V_{IND} = 40\text{V}$ | | .01 | 1.0 | | .01 | 1.0 | μA |
| Small Signal Bandwidth | $A_V = 0\text{dB}$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 5 | | | 5 | | MHz |
| Propagation Delay | $V_{OVERDRIVE} = 100\text{mV}$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 200 | | | 200 | | ns |



APPLICATIONS (Pin numbers given for UC1543 series devices)

Typical Application



The values for the external components are determined as follows:

$$\text{Current limit input threshold, } V_{TH} = \frac{1000}{R_1}$$

C_8 is determined by the current loop dynamics

$$\text{Peak current to load, } I_P \cong \frac{V_{TH}}{R_{SC}} + \frac{V_O}{R_{SC}} \left(\frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_3} \right)$$

$$\text{Short Circuit Current, } I_{SC} = \frac{V_{TH}}{R_{SC}}$$

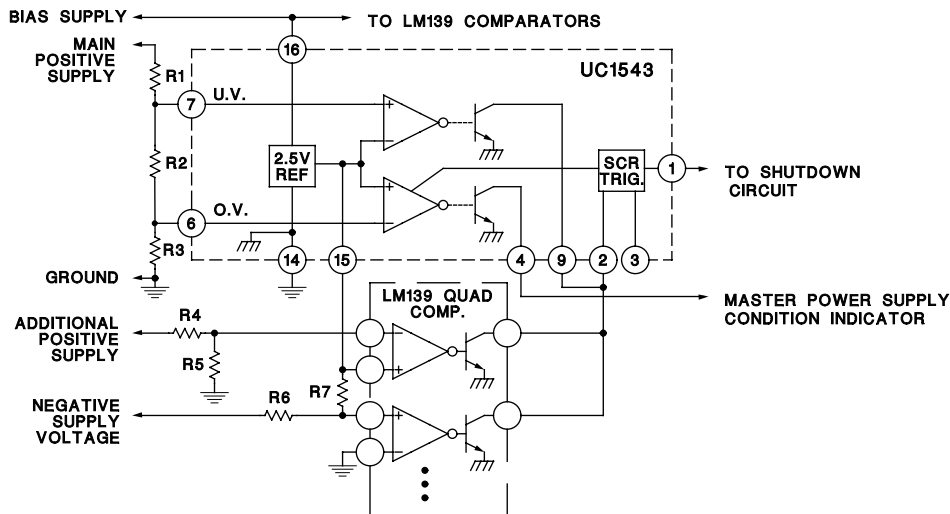
$$\text{Low output voltage limit, } V_O (\text{Low}) = \frac{2.5 (R_4 + R_5 + R_6)}{R_5 + R_6}$$

$$\text{High output voltage limit, } V_O (\text{High}) = \frac{2.5 (R_4 + R_5 + R_6)}{R_6}$$

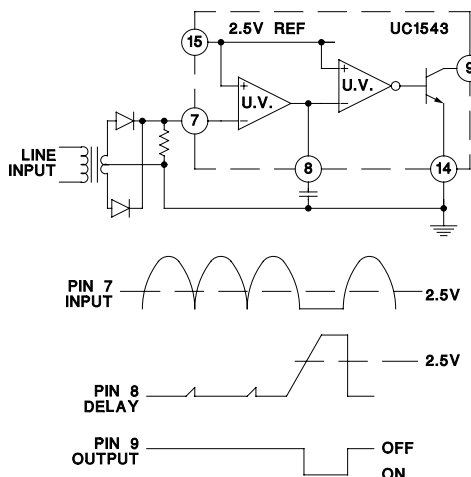
$$\text{Voltage sensing delay, } t_D = 10,000 C_D$$

$$\text{SCR trigger power limiting resistor, } R_G > \frac{V_{IN} - 5}{0.2}$$

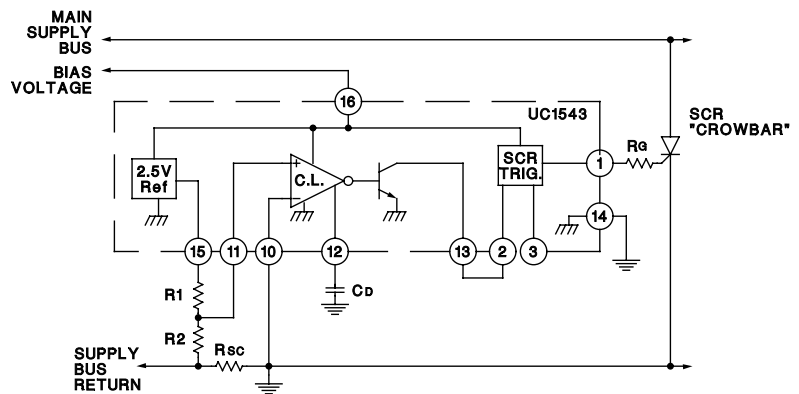
Sensing Multiple Supply Voltages



Input Line Monitor



Overcurrent Shutdown



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